## IN THE UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT FOR THE SOUTHERN DISTRICT OF ALABAMA SOUTHERN DIVISION

ROBERT TAYLOR, :

:

Plaintiff,

:

vs. : CIVIL ACTION NO. 11-00431-KD-B

:

ALABAMA STATE PAROLE, :

:

Defendant.

## REPORT AND RECOMMENDATION

Plaintiff, an Alabama prison inmate proceeding <u>pro se</u>, filed a complaint under 42 U.S.C. § 1983 together with a Motion to Proceed Without Prepayment of Fees (Docs. 1, 2). This action has been referred to the undersigned pursuant to 28 U.S.C. § 636(b)(1)(B) and Local Rule 72.2(c)(4), and is now before the Court due to Plaintiff's failure to prosecute and to obey the Court's Order.

Upon review of Plaintiff's Complaint and Motion to Proceed Without Prepayment of Fees, the Court found that Plaintiff did not attach to his motion a copy of the institutional record of his inmate account reflecting deposits into his inmate account for the six-month period immediately preceding the filing of his Complaint. In addition, Plaintiff's motion did not include a certification of the balance in his prison account signed by an authorized officer at the institution. See 28 U.S.C. § 1915 (a) (2). Accordingly, in an Order

dated September 12, 2011 (Doc. 3), Plaintiff was ordered to refile, by October 12, 2011, his motion with a copy of the institutional record of his inmate account reflecting deposits into his inmate account for the six-month period immediately preceding the filing of his complaint, along with a certification signed by an authorized officer at the institution. Plaintiff was advised that in lieu of refiling, he could pay the required \$350.00 filing fee by October 12, 2011. (Doc. 3). Plaintiff was cautioned that his failure to comply with the Court's Order within the prescribed time would result in the dismissal without prejudice of this action. To date, Plaintiff has not responded in any manner to the Court's Order, nor has Plaintiff's copy of the Order been returned to the Court.

Due to Plaintiff's failure to comply with the Court's Order and to prosecute this action and upon consideration of other available alternatives, it is recommended that this action be dismissed without prejudice pursuant to Rule 41(b) of the Federal Rules of Civil Procedure for failure to prosecute and to obey the Court's Order, as no other lesser sanction will suffice. Link v. Wabash R. R., 370 U.S. 626, 630, 82 S.Ct. 1386, 1388-89, 8 L.Ed.2d 734, 738 (1962) (interpreting Rule 41(b) not to restrict the court's inherent authority to dismiss sua sponte an action for lack of prosecution); World Thrust Films, Inc. v. International Family Entertainment, Inc., 41 F.3d 1454, 1456-57 (11th Cir. 1995); Mingo v. Sugar Cane

Growers Co-op, 864 F.2d 101, 102 (11th Cir. 1989); Goforth v. Owens, 766 F.2d 1533, 1535 (11th Cir. 1985); Jones v. Graham, 709 F.2d 1457, 1458 (11th Cir. 1983). Accord Chambers v. NASCO, Inc., 501 U.S. 32, 111 S.Ct. 2123, 115 L.Ed.2d 27 (1991) (ruling that federal courts' inherent power to manage their own proceedings authorized the imposition of attorney's fees and related expenses as a sanction); Malautea v. Suzuki Motor Co., 987 F.2d 1536, 1545-46 (11th Cir.) (finding that the court's inherent power to manage actions before it permitted the imposition of fines), cert. denied, 510 U.S. 863, 114 S.Ct. 181, 126 L.Ed.2d 140 (1993).

The attached sheet contains important information regarding objections to this Report and Recommendation.

DONE this 8th day of November, 2011.

/s/ SONJA F. BIVINS
UNITED STATES MAGISTRATE JUDGE

## MAGISTRATE JUDGE'S EXPLANATION OF PROCEDURAL RIGHTS AND RESPONSIBILITIES FOLLOWING RECOMMENDATION AND FINDINGS CONCERNING NEED FOR TRANSCRIPT

1. Objection. Any party who objects to this recommendation or anything in it must, within ten days of the date of service of this document, file specific written objections with the clerk of court. Failure to do so will bar a de novo determination by the district judge of anything in the recommendation and will bar an attack, on appeal, of the factual findings of the magistrate judge. See 28 U.S.C. § 636(b)(1)(c); Lewis v. Smith, 855 F.2d 736, 738 (11th Cir. 1988). The procedure for challenging the findings and recommendations of the magistrate judge is set out in more detail in SD ALA LR 72.4 (June 1, 1997), which provides, in part, that:

A party may object to a recommendation entered by a magistrate judge in a dispositive matter, that is, a matter excepted by 28 U.S.C. § 636(b)(1)(A), by filing a "Statement of Objection to Magistrate Judge's Recommendation" within ten days after being served with a copy of recommendation, unless a different time is established by The statement of objection shall specify those portions of the recommendation to which objection is made and the basis for the objection. The objecting party shall submit to the district judge, at the time of filing the objection, a brief setting forth the party's arguments that the magistrate judge's recommendation should be reviewed de novo and a different disposition made. It is insufficient to submit only a copy of the original brief submitted to the magistrate judge, although a copy of the original brief may be submitted or referred to and incorporated into the brief in support of the objection. Failure to submit a brief in support of the objection may be deemed an abandonment of the objection.

A magistrate judge's recommendation cannot be appealed to a Court of Appeals; only the district judge's order or judgment can be appealed.

- 2. Opposing party's response to the objection. Any opposing party may submit a brief opposing the objection within ten (10) days of being served with a copy of the statement of objection. Fed. R. Civ. P. 72; SD ALA LR 72.4(b).
- 3. <u>Transcript (applicable where proceedings tape recorded)</u>. Pursuant to 28 U.S.C. § 1915 and Fed.R.Civ.P. 72(b), the magistrate

judge finds that the tapes and original records in this action are adequate for purposes of review. Any party planning to object to this recommendation, but unable to pay the fee for a transcript, is advised that a judicial determination that transcription is necessary is required before the United States will pay the cost of the transcript.

/s/ SONJA F. BIVINS
UNITED STATES MAGISTRATE JUDGE